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**Information technology — Security
techniques — Guidance on the
integrated implementation of ISO/IEC
27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1**

*Technologies de l'information — Techniques de sécurité — Guide sur
la mise en oeuvre intégrée d'ISO/IEC 27001 et ISO/IEC 20000-1*



ISO/IEC 27013:2015(E)



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 27, *IT Security techniques*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 27013:2012), which has been technically revised.

Introduction

The relationship between information security management and service management is so close that many organizations already recognise the benefits of adopting the two International Standards for these domains: ISO/IEC 27001 for information security management and ISO/IEC 20000-1 for service management. It is common for an organization to improve the way it operates to achieve conformity with the requirements specified in one of these International Standards and then make further improvements to achieve conformity with the requirements of the other.

There are a number of advantages in implementing an integrated management system that takes into account not only the services provided but also the protection of information. These benefits can be experienced whether one International Standard is implemented before the other, or both International Standards are implemented simultaneously. Management and organizational processes, in particular, can derive benefit from the mutually reinforcing concepts and similarities between these International Standards and their common objectives.

Key benefits of an integrated implementation of information security management and service management include the following:

- a) the credibility, to internal or external customers of the organization, of an effective and secure service;
- b) the lower cost of an integrated programme of two projects, where effective and efficient management of both services and information security are part of an organization's strategy;
- c) a reduction in implementation time due to the integrated development of processes common to both standards;
- d) better communication, reduced cost and improved operational efficiency through elimination of unnecessary duplication;
- e) a greater understanding by service management and security personnel of each others' viewpoints;
- f) an organization certified for ISO/IEC 27001 can more easily fulfil the requirements for information security specified in ISO/IEC 20000-1:2011, 6.6, as both International Standards are complementary in requirements.

The guidance in this International Standard is based upon the published versions of both ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1.

This International Standard is intended for use by persons with knowledge of both, either or neither of the International Standards ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1.

It is expected that all readers have access to copies of both ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1. Consequently, this International Standard does not reproduce parts of either of those International Standards. Equally, it does not describe all parts of each International Standard comprehensively. Only those parts where subject matter overlaps are described in detail.

This International Standard does not provide guidance associated with the various legislation and regulations outside the control of the organization. These can vary by country and impact the planning of an organization's management system.

Information technology — Security techniques — Guidance on the integrated implementation of ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1

1 Scope

This International Standard provides guidance on the integrated implementation of ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1 for those organizations that are intending to either

- a) implement ISO/IEC 27001 when ISO/IEC 20000-1 is already implemented, or vice versa,
- b) implement both ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1 together, or
- c) integrate existing management systems based on ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1.

This International Standard focuses exclusively on the integrated implementation of an information security management system (ISMS) as specified in ISO/IEC 27001 and a service management system (SMS) as specified in ISO/IEC 20000-1.

In practice, ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1 can also be integrated with other management system standards, such as ISO 9001 and ISO 14001.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 20000-1:2011, *Information technology — Service management — Part 1: Service management system requirements*

ISO/IEC/TR 20000-10, *Information technology — Service management — Part 10: Concepts and terminology*

ISO/IEC 27000:2014, *Information technology — Security techniques — Information security management systems — Overview and vocabulary*

ISO/IEC 27001:2013, *Information technology — Security techniques — Information security management systems — Requirements*

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 27000, ISO/IEC 20000-1 and ISO/IEC/TR 20000-10 apply.

The following abbreviations apply.

ISMS information security management system (from ISO/IEC 27001)

SMS service management system (from ISO/IEC 20000-1)

Annex A provides a comparison of content at a clause level between ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 20000-1.

Annex B provides a comparison of terms defined in the following:

— ISO/IEC 27000, the glossary for ISO/IEC 27001;